

**59<sup>1/2</sup>**

**WHY IS THIS AGE  
SO IMPORTANT?**



**IF** you were born in the early 1960s, you're old enough to remember the Apollo lunar landings. You may remember the first departure of astronauts Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin, who walked on the moon and into history.

The events you've witnessed across the late 20th and early 21st centuries have shaped your life in ways few others can fully understand. At times, even you may pause to reflect on how much you've seen. And now, you're just six months away from turning 60 — 59½, to be exact. So why does that age matter?

This age marks a turning point of sorts in your life and on a number of fronts. In particular, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allows you to make withdrawals from your retirement accounts without incurring a penalty. It has also been nearly a decade since you were granted the right to make "catch-up contributions."<sup>1</sup>

In roughly 30 months, you'll be eligible to claim Social Security benefits. You're about 66 months away from Medicare eligibility.<sup>2 3</sup>

In this report, we explore your retirement choices, your healthcare concerns, and how to move vibrantly into those golden years. Keep in mind that this article is for informational purposes only. It is not a replacement for real-life guidance. Also, tax rules



are constantly changing, and there is no guarantee that the tax landscape will remain the same in the years ahead. Please consider working with a financial professional before implementing or modifying a retirement strategy.

## **BUILDING YOUR RETIREMENT SAVINGS**

Some people are still in the process of preparing for retirement. According to a recent survey, 32 percent of workers are not confident that they will have enough money to live comfortably in retirement, and 47 percent are only "somewhat confident."<sup>4</sup>

If your retirement savings are not quite up to par, the IRS provides a catch-up clause that applies to people over the age of 50.<sup>1</sup>

Older employees may exceed the IRS's standard elective deferral (\$23,500 in 2025) to their employer's workplace-based retirement savings plans. Elective deferrals are contributions to retirement plans by the employer at the employee's request. Deferrals apply to 401(k)s, 403(b)s, and other retirement plans.<sup>1</sup>

The catch-up amount for 2025 is \$7,500 and applies to the following plans:

- 401(k)s
- 403(b)s
- 457s<sup>1</sup>

Deferrals to retirement plans must exceed the standard \$23,500 limit (2025) to be counted as catch-up contributions.<sup>1</sup>

You can make annual catch-up contributions if the amount is less than:

- The catch-up contribution dollar limit, or
- The excess of the participant's compensation over the elective deferral contributions that are not catch-up contributions.<sup>1</sup>

Catch-up contributions are \$3,500 for Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employee Individual Retirement Account (SIMPLE IRA) plans. These plans are often used by small business owners.<sup>1</sup>

There was the opportunity to make \$1,000 in catch-up contributions to your traditional or Roth IRA in 2024. To qualify for the tax-free and penalty-free withdrawal of earnings, Roth 401(k) distributions must meet a five-year

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holding requirement and occur after age 59½. Tax-free and penalty-free withdrawals can also be made under certain other circumstances, such as the owner's death. Employer match is pre-tax and not distributed tax-free during retirement.<sup>1</sup>

Once you reach age 73, you must begin taking required minimum distributions from your 401(k), 403(b), 457(b), or other defined contribution plans in most circumstances. Withdrawals from your 401(k) or other defined contribution plans are taxed as ordinary income and, if taken before age 59½, may be subject to a 10 percent federal income tax penalty.

## WHAT ELSE CAN YOU DO TO BOOST YOUR RETIREMENT SAVINGS?

One approach is to focus on saving rather than spending. A more common and typically unproductive approach to retirement saving is setting the wrong priorities: spend first, save second.

Many older workers tuck away money periodically rather than implement consistent, disciplined savings strategies. A better approach is to shift your money to savings or investment accounts at the beginning of the pay cycle rather than the end, when little extra money remains to set aside for future needs.

If your employer doesn't offer a retirement plan, consider establishing a traditional or Roth IRA and having a designated portion of your paycheck go into one of these accounts at the start of the pay period.

## MAKING YOUR WAY TOWARD SOCIAL SECURITY

Hitting the age of 59½ puts you within shouting distance of Social Security eligibility. In fact, it could be within 130 weeks. American workers are eligible for Social Security benefits at 62, but at a reduced amount.<sup>2</sup>

Although you're still some time away, here are some changes to Social Security for 2025.<sup>5</sup>

- Social Security recipients in 2025 received a 2.5 percent increase in benefits. The Social Security Administration (SSA) attempts to match annual increases to inflation based on Bureau of Labor Statistics calculations.
- The maximum monthly benefit for 2025 increased to \$4,018.

The full retirement age (FRA) is 67. Your benefits will rise by 8 percent for every year you delay receiving benefits past the FRA, up to a maximum of three years. If you wait until age 70, you'll receive 124 percent of your determined benefits.<sup>6</sup>

The SSA uses a formula to calculate your basic benefit, or "primary insurance amount." This formula indexes your highest average monthly earnings over 35 years of work.<sup>2</sup>



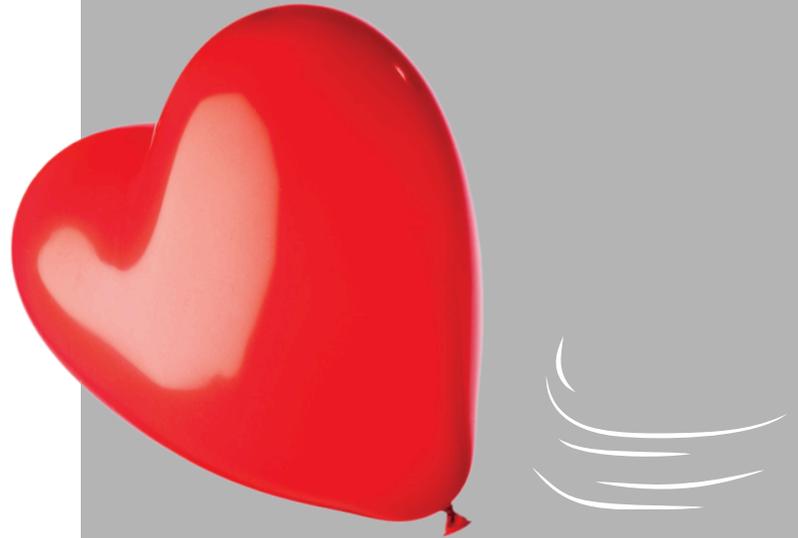
## STAYING HEALTHY

A big part of looking forward to retirement is making plans for what you want to do with that time and money. It's no fun to picture yourself spending more time at the doctor's office than pursuing your interests. So, for many Americans, preparing for retirement means taking care of their personal and financial well-being.

The good news? It doesn't need to be complicated. In fact, choosing a relatively uncomplicated strategy for your health may be easier to stick to and maintain. If you enjoy it, you can always adjust it to meet your lifestyle.

Walking, for instance, can be an effective way to control your weight, keep your body strong, prevent or delay certain diseases and ailments, and even help you sleep better and maintain a better mood. Those with mobility issues may seek out some other form of aerobic exercise, but 30 minutes a day can make a big difference. Break up walks into shorter spurts if needed to meet this daily goal.<sup>7</sup>

Eating better can be a tough sell. So can a strict diet. It's often better to take smaller steps rather than force drastic changes that you might be tempted to abandon. In some cases, it may be about more rather than less. For example, eating more fiber can take a wide variety of forms. So can taking on the "Mediterranean diet" by adding more fish, whole grains, and vegetables to your meals. Eating better doesn't mean



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saying goodbye to things like fatty meats, butter, or sugar; instead, it means diversifying your diet to include a wider variety of nutritional foods with occasional indulgences.<sup>8</sup>



Not all moves to improve your health are about your body. It's also important to look after your mental well-being. Maintaining a positive outlook may feel difficult at times, but you can help it along by spending more time engaging in hobbies, seeing old friends, developing new friendships, getting out into nature, or exploring museums. However you spend your time, it's important to remember that this is your time, and it's up to you to find ways to enjoy yourself.<sup>9</sup>

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## GETTING FINANCIAL GUIDANCE

You're approaching a major turning point in your life. A financial professional can help you discover wise solutions and develop smart retirement strategies for a fulfilling and exciting future.

We can help you analyze your financial situation to shape the life you envision.

If you or anyone close to you would like to discuss how to maximize retirement benefits with a professional, I'm here to help.

~ Tom

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### Footnotes and disclosures:

Investing involves risk, including the potential loss of principal.

No investment strategy can guarantee a profit or protect against loss in periods of declining values.

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